一、高分范文

Modern life contributes to innovation. As the saying goes,"There is no doubt that creation is the most important human resource of all.Initially,creation has positive effect on economy and society.Comparing between modern life and ancient life,hardly can we imagine what life will be now without creation.Simultaneously it is also of great value to the development of individuals.Only those who often come up with new ideas can eventually success .Unfortunately a man who always sticks to habit and experience can hardly create new things.

As to give measures to encourage creation,some suggestions are as follows. On the one hand, relevant propagandizes should be pushed to awake the public about the significance of creation.Meanwhile social media should play its role in advocating the value of innovation and encouraging the public to cultivate the awareness of creation.On the other hand,innovative subjects should be put extra emphasis regardless college or senior high school.

Nowadays,invention has been a hot phenomenon for a long time and as modern college students we cannot shout slogans only.Therefore, we should make every endeavor to learn knowledge as much as possible to prepare ourselves for being creative people.

二、听力同I II套

三、阅读

Section A 26-35 O M D K H L E F B G

选项解析与归类

名词：B.conveniences便利；H.process过程；I.progress进步；L.terminals终端

动词：A.accessing接近，获取；F.perceived把……看作，认为；G.practice实行，践行；K.survived幸存，生还；M.undergone经受，经历；O.vanished消失

形容词：C.destined注定的；D.expanding扩张的；E.industrialized工业化的；J.respective各自的；N.tmiversal全体的，普遍存在的

26. [O] vanished

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个动词的过去分词，与前面的have构成现在完成时，再根据语义应该选择vanished，Some have vanished 意为：一些已经消失。 27. [M] undergone

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个动词的过去分词，与前面的have构成现在完成时，再根据语义应该选择undergone，but all have undergone changes意为：但是所有的社会团体都经历了改变。

28. [D] expanding

解析：从语法上判断，本空的词应该是形容词类的，再根据语义应该选择expanding，expanding machine civilization意为：扩大的机器文明。

29. [K] survived

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个动词的过去分词，与前面的have构成现在完成时，再根据语义应该选择survived，have survived in the modern world意为：在现代社会当中幸存了下来。

30. [H] process

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个名词做前面resisted的宾语，have resisted the homogenization process. 意为：抵制了同化进程。

31. [L] terminals

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个名词，in railway or bus terminals意为：在火车站或者汽车站。

32. [E] industrialized

解析：从语法上判断，本空的词应该是形容词类的，用来修饰America，industrialized America意为：工业化的美国。

33. [F] perceived

解析：从语法上判断，本空的词应该是过去分词，与前面的are 构成被动语态，The Amish are often perceived by other Americans to be relics of the past 意为：阿米什人经常被其他的美国人看作是过去的遗物。

34. [B] conveniences

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个名词做前面abandon的宾语，abandon modern conveniences 意为：抛弃了现代的便利。

35. [G] practice

解析：从语法上判断，本空应该填入一个动词做后面the virtues的谓语，practice the virtues of work and thrift意为：践行工作和节约的美德。

Section B 排序

36-45:J C E G D I B H Q L

 36.[J]

对应关键词，题干中提到Chinese officials和scientific research, 定位到J段，此段中同时出现了这两个关键词。

 37.[C]

划出关键词efforts, ocean sancturies, Russian’s obstruction, 然后定位到C段，此时看到while Russian frustrated efforts, frustrate=obstruct, 所以跟题干信息匹配。

 38.[E]

对应题干中的关键词Russia, America’s dominance（美国的主导地位），跟E段信息Russia, the dominance of America完全匹配.

 39.[G]

题干中有关键词geologist’s estimate,以及oil and natural gas，去文中定位，看到G段的oil and gas, 然后向下找信息，找到了geologist estimate,所以39题为G段的总结。

 40.[D]

通过关键词richest reserves, fresh water on earth定位到D段，找到biggest reserve,发现前边有estimate，题干也有动词estimate; 然后看到fresh water on planet， planet=earth, 所以非常确定D为正确选项。

 41.[I]

通过关键词demand for energy resources和renegotiate匹配到I选项。

 42.[B]

题干中提到many countries很多国家彼此之间竞争以增加对南极洲的影响Antarctica，所以定位到B段落.

 43.[H]

定位词是harsh nature conditions南极洲严酷的自然环境给开发资源造成了巨大的障碍，匹配关键词到H段落。

 44.[Q]

南极洲不在受白人国家的主导，white nations定位到Q段落。

 45.[L]

 美国科学家抱怨缺乏足够的资金和设备，L中提到了资金和工具的不足，因此对应到L选项。

section C 选择阅读

46-50:D A B A C 51-55:A D C B D

 46.[D]

解析：答案定位在文章第一段，其中“veteran nicotine addict”直接对应题目中的chain smokers，根据that 从句内的 “plays no role in the decision to keep smoking”就可以选出正确选项D“香烟的包装对于老烟枪选择戒烟与否而言几乎没有任何影响”。

 47.[A]

解析：答案定位在第二段的第一句及第三段的最后一句：在第二段中，But that is not why the government - under pressure from .... party - has agreed to legislate for standardised packaging. 纵然原句意思为“这并不是政府同意针对香烟的包装立法”；在第三段中“Since tobacco is one of the biggest causes of premature death in the UK, a measure that tames the habits even by a fraction is worth trying”，在英国由于吸烟而导致早产儿大批死亡，英国政府帮这些老烟枪们改变吸烟的嗜好的任何尝试都是值得的；因此，答案就尤为明显了，因此补办选出答案A：“英国政府就香烟包装的标准化通过了法案”。

 48. [B]

解析：答案定位在第三段的第三句“this approach has led over time to a fall in smoking numbers having roughly halved since the 1970s. Evidence from Australia suggests plain packaging pushes society further along that road.”这一方法使得吸烟者数量锐减，尤其是在澳大利亚而言，这一方法颇见成效。这样选项B就尤其明显了。

 49. [A]

解析：答案定位在第四段“David Cameron’s election campaign........(David Cameron denied...in legislative program me)”及最后一句话中“now we are told Members of .......is dissolved in March”。在特殊符号里“括号”中，首相Cameron否认在其顾问在外的经济利益与法案改变之间有联系，并在最后一句中指出将会让国会议员投票。由此答案就尤为明显，可以定位到A选项。

 50. [C]

解析：答案定位在第四段的最后一句“his attitude to state intervention... checkouts fueled obesity”，答案由“checkouts fueled obesity”体现：“检测出导致肥胖”。由此，答案选C。

 51. [A]

本题问的是作者的观点。文都英语老师希望大家记住，任何时候，问谁的观点就只能找谁的观点，千万不能偷换主语。像这种观点态度题，一般在文章的结尾出现、或者是通过作者的用词的字里行间来体现。在第三段的段尾指出，研究表明上过大学的学生们不仅在大学里面受益，而且他们通常会比没上过大学的学生更加健康和快乐。从这句话能看出，作者对上大学还是持一种赞成的态度的。所以选A项。

 52. [D]

本题根据题干中的专有名词British可以回到原文定位至第一段，在第一段的文末，作者说：大学毕业不能保证一个很好的工作，60%的人从事的工作都和他们之前的专业不相关。这和D选项为近义表达。

 53. [C]

根据题干中的关键词可以定位至第三段的倒数第二句话，教育是学生在讲座和研讨会之间的互相学习。而讲座和研讨会是在课堂之外的，所以这和C选项的含义相近。

 54. [B]

关于上大学的好处，这在第四段的第四句话有提到，“学生在大学里有可能会遇到以后 可能会处于领导地位的人”，这和B选项的“遇见那些未来对你会有帮助的人”含义相同。

 55. [D]

本题为推理题，切记推理题一定要是自己推理出来的，原文中已有的，或者是推的太远的选项都是不对的。在最后一段的第一句话中，作者有说“也许为什么许多大学没有教给他们学生许多东西的原因是，他们知道即使学生什么都没有学到，但是在一个顶级学校里学习，就是对未来的一个美好的投资”。这句话的表达和D项含义相近。

四、翻译

Agriculture is a vital industry in China, which raises 300 million farmers. China is the largest agricultural producer worldwide ,with rice, wheat and beans being the main crops. While accounting for only 10% of arable land all over the world, China feeds 20% of the world's population. The history of rice cultivation in China can date back to 7,700 years ago. Prior to the use of agricultural machinery and chemical fertilizer,diligent and innovative Chinese farmers had begun to adopt various ways to enlarge crop yields. The latest development of agriculture in China is to promote the organic farming.Organic agriculture can achieve multiple goals at the same time, including food safety, public health and sustainable development.